25 September 2019

(U//FOUO) A NorCal Regional Perspective: The Dark Web

(U) Prepared by the Department of Homeland Security Intelligence Enterprise (DHS IE), Field Operations Division, Central Pacific Region.

(U//FOUO) **Scope:** This Regional Perspective (RP) highlights the accompanying Reference Aid from the DHS IE Cyber Mission Center (CYMC) that provides an overview of the dark web. This RP is intended to inform state and local law enforcement of the international criminal drug activity and domestic terrorist threats occurring on the dark web and impacting the Northern California Area of Responsibility (AOR).

(U//FOUO) The dark web is a portion of the internet that provides anonymity for a range of licit and illicit activities, requiring specialized software to access, and employing multi-layer encryption, rendering it nearly impossible to trace activity back to its originator. The dark web hosts criminal marketplaces that offer tools and services to commit cybercrime and facilitate the purchase of illicit items such as drugs, weapons, counterfeit identification, personally identifiable information, and illegal pornography. Cyber actors worldwide continue to utilize the dark web to conduct illicit activities, some of which occurs within the Northern California AOR according to Department of Justice arrests and DHS open source reporting.

- (U//FOUO) On August 6, 2018, a social media user posted a hyperlink to the social media account of an Antifascist (Antifa) group active in Berkeley, California that was discussing the white supremacist extremist presence at a rally, according to DHS open source reporting. The link resolved to a text storage website on the dark web containing a message titled, "Berkeley, Philadelphia Antifa" that threatened violence against a list of alleged Antifa members.¹
- (U) On 26 January 2018, a formerly San Francisco-based USPER was sentenced to five years and 10 months in
 prison for drug trafficking on the dark web marketplace AlphaBay.² The USPER was a large-scale heroin,
 fentanyl, and methamphetamine distributor who received orders on AlphaBay, mailed the narcotics from a post
 office in San Francisco to customers throughout the United States, and then received payments in Bitcoin,
 according to court documents.³
- (U) On 15 March 2017, a grand jury in the Northern District of California indicted two Russian Federal Security Service (FSB) officers who allegedly utilized the dark web to contact and direct criminal hackers to steal Yahoo, Google, and other webmail credentials of specific targets, including Russian journalists and Russian and U.S. Government officials, according to court documents.⁴⁵
- (U) On 29 May 2015, a UPSER from San Francisco, California was sentenced to life imprisonment for owning and
 operating Silk Road, the first large scale dark web criminal marketplace. The marketplace enabled thousands of
 drug dealers to sell narcotics worldwide, facilitated money laundering operations, and offered computer hacking
 services until it was shut down by law enforcement in 2013.⁶

(U//FOUO) Featured Product: DHS, Reference Aid, (U) "The Dark Web," dated 20 June 2019.

⁽U//FOUO) DHS defines White Supremacist Extremists as groups or individuals who facilitate or engage in acts of unlawful violence directed at the federal government, ethnic minorities, or Jewish persons in support of their belief that Caucasians are intellectually and morally superior to other races and their perception that the government is controlled by Jewish persons.



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(U) All US person information has been minimized. Should you require the minimized US person information, please contact DHS I&A Field Operations Division.

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- ¹ (U//FOUO); DHS; OSIR-04001-1086-18; 8 AUG 2018; DOI 8 AUG 2018; (U//FOUO); Post-rally threat of stalking and violence against antifascist protesters in CA and PA posted to Dark Web.; Extracted information is U//FOUO; Overall document classification is U//FOUO.
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INTELLIGENCE ENTERPRISE



REFERENCE AID

20 June 2019

(U) Cyber Mission Center

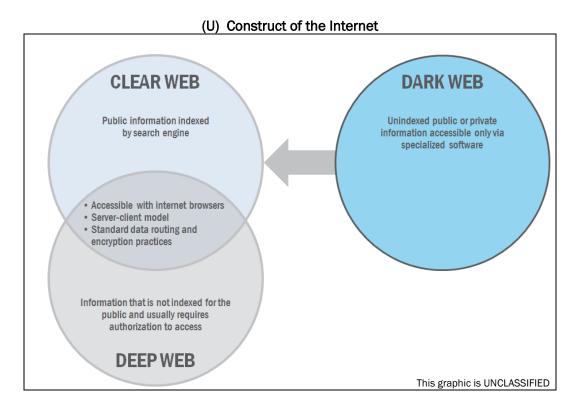
(U) The Dark Web

(U//FOUO) Scope. This Reference Aid provides an overview of the dark web, a portion of the internet that provides anonymity for a range of licit and illicit activities and individuals—including platforms for privacy rights activists and individuals living in countries with strict censorship laws, as well as venues for criminals and malicious cyber actors seeking to conduct illegal activity. The information cutoff date for this Reference Aid is 29 January 2019.

(U//FOUO) Prepared by the DHS Intelligence Enterprise (DHS IE) Cyber Mission Center (CYMC). Coordinated with CBP, CWMD, FEMA, ICE, NCCIC, S&T, TSA, USCG, USSS, CIA, DIA, Department of Energy, Department of State, Department of the Treasury, FBI, NASIC, NGA, NIC, and NSA.

(U) Executive Summary

(U) The internet is a network of networks that extends far beyond what we can access with a search engine. This *Reference Aid* explains the difference between the clear, deep, and dark webs, and provides insight into how the dark web operates and what it is used for.



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(U) Accessing the Dark Web

(U) The dark web requires specialized anonymization software to access, such as Tor or Invisible Internet Project .a Tor uses multi-layer encryption to route internet traffic through randomly generated nodes—decrypting traffic one layer at a time at each node—making it nearly impossible for activity to be traced back to the originator.1,2

(U) Dark Web Purpose and Content

(U) The dark web is used to anonymously obtain the following items.

(U) Dark Web Service	(U) Explanation	(U) Example		
(U) Drugs	 » (U) Make up a large portion of illicit online transactions. » (U) Vendors reviewed and rated. 	(U) A dark web drug vendor in October 2018 was arrested and \$400,000 of cocaine confiscated. ³		
(U) Weapons	» (U) Commonly available. » (U) Used by people who cannot obtain weapons legally or who want to make anonymous weapons purchases.	(U) DHS agents in September 2018 intercepted a 9mm pistol, suppressor, and 150 rounds of ammunition that had been purchased by a man in Scotland from a vendor in the United States. ⁴		
(U) Counterfeit Identification	» (U) Widely available.» (U) Passports, driver's licenses, and other identification.	(U) Counterfeit US passports sell for \$1,000-2,000.5		
(U) Personally Identifiable Information (PII)	 » (U) Social security numbers. » (U) Names/addresses. » (U) Health records. » (U) Used to steal identities to commit fraud. 	(U) PII is used to fraudulently file tax returns; the money is routed to the criminals rather than the victims. Even infants have been victims of identity theft. ^{6,7}		
(U) Illegal Pornography	 » (U) Specialized forums cater exclusively to child pornography. » (U) Other obscene material is also available. 	(U) The FBI in 2017, along with international law enforcement partners, arrested more than 900 suspects who were using a dark web child pornography forum called Playpen.8		

^a (U) Tor is derived from an acronym for the original software project name, "The Onion Router."

(U) Dark Web Cyber-Specific Criminal Services

(U) Some criminal marketplaces sell tools and services specifically used to commit cybercrimes.

(U) Dark Web Service	(U) Explanation	(U) Example		
(U) Malware-as-a-Service	 » (U) Criminals license the use of malware and receive support. » (U) Allows low-tech criminals to conduct cyber attacks without investing in the development of malware. 	(U) Especially popular for criminals operating ransomware; ransomware-as-a-service platforms are available for as low as \$39.9		
(U) Hacking for Hire	 » (U) Criminal marketplaces function like bulletin boards for hacking jobs. » (U) Typical jobs include compromising a website or stealing account credentials. 	(U) Hacking-for-hire sites also exist on the clear web. ¹⁰		
(U) Botnets	 (U) Used for spam, scanning, and DDoS attacks. (U) A DDoS attack with a botnet of 1,000 workstations averages \$25 an hour.¹¹ 	(U) Necurs is a multifunctional botnet available for rent in underground markets. 12 It has been used to distribute Dridex and TrickBot, as well as ransomware, including Locky, Scarab and Jaff, via spam e-mail messages that can number in the tens of millions per day. 13		
(U) Crypting ^b	» (U) Customized obfuscation service that encrypts, encodes, and otherwise obfuscates code so that it can evade detection by antivirus programs.	(U) The website reFUD[.]me allows users to upload files to determine if the files are detectable by antivirus software. ¹⁴		

(U//FOUO) State-Sponsored Actors and the Dark Web

(U) In addition to cybercriminals, nation-state actors use the dark web to conduct cyber operations.

(U) Dark Web Service	(U) Explanation	(U) Example		
(U) Nation-State/Criminal Cooperation	 (U) Nation-states direct criminal elements to act on their behalf. (U) Dissociates the government from the attack to create plausible deniability. 	(U) The US Department of Justice in 2017 indicted two Russian Federal Security Service (FSB) officers, alleging that they "protected, directed, facilitated, and paid criminal hackers to collect information through computer intrusions in the United States and elsewhere." 15		

^b (U) Crypting is scrambling the binaries of files so they cannot be easily detected by antivirus software.

(U) Obtaining Malware	 (U) State-sponsored cyber actors use malware available on dark web environments as-is, or modify it as needed. (U) Provides a solution without the need to create a new tool. (U) Disguises the source of the attack. 	(U) Russian Government actors modified the Petya ransomware and used it to destroy thousands of machines in Ukraine and elsewhere. 16,17
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(U) Reporting Computer Security Incidents

(U) To report a computer security incident, either contact NCCIC at 888-282-0870, or go to https://forms.us-cert.gov/report/ and complete the NCCIC Incident Reporting System form. The US-CERT Incident Reporting System provides a secure, web-enabled means of reporting computer security incidents to US-CERT. An incident is defined as a violation or imminent threat of violation of computer security policies, acceptable use policies, or standard computer security practices. In general, types of activity commonly recognized as violating typical security policies include attempts (either failed or successful) to gain unauthorized access to a system or its data, including personally identifiable information; unwanted disruption or denial of service; the unauthorized use of a system for processing or storing data; and changes to system hardware, firmware, or software without the owner's knowledge, instruction, or consent.

(U) Tracked by: HSEC-1.1, HSEC-1.2, HSEC-1.5, HSEC-1.8

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Customer Feedback Form

Product Title:

All survey responses are completely anonymous. No personally identifiable information is captured unless you voluntarily offer personal or contact information in any of the comment fields. Additionally, your responses are combined with those of many others and summarized in a report to further protect your anonymity.

combined with those of many of the combined with those of many of the combined with	others and s	ummarized in a	report to	•	ct your anon	ymity.	
2. What is the highest level of intelligence information that you receive?							
3. Please complete the following	g sentence: '	'I focus most of	my time on	"			
4. Please rate your satisfaction	with each of	the following:					
	Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neithe Satisfied Dissatis	inor Some	ewhat tisfied Di	Very ssatisfied	N/A
Product's overall usefulness							
Product's relevance to your mission						•	
Product's timeliness							
Product's responsiveness to your intelligence needs							
5. How do you plan to use this p	roduct in sup	port of your mis	sion? (Chec	k all that apply.)			
emergency response operati Observe, identify, and/or dis Share with partners Allocate resources (e.g. equi Reprioritize organizational fo	isrupt threats Intiate your own topic-specific analysis Develop long-term homeland security strategies uipment and personnel) To not plan to use Other:						
6. To further understand your reuse this product.7. What did this product <i>not</i> add							
8. To what extent do you agree	with the follo	wing two staten	ents?				
		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disgree	N/A
This product will enable me to ma better decisions regarding this to							
This product provided me with int information I did not find elsewhere							
9. How did you obtain this produ	uct?						
10. Would you be willing to part	ticipate in a f	ollow-up convers	ation abou	t your feedbac	k?		
To help us understand more about your Name: Organization: Contact Number:	organization so v	we can better tailor	future product Position: State: Email:	s, please provide:		Sul Feedk	bmit back

Privacy Act Statement

Product Serial Number: REV: 01 August 2017